...subject as physical geography, economics, governments, and peoples. The growth economies of Southeast Asia are...and people. Through clear presentations and new, dynamic maps and photos, China's Geography illustrates and explains the great...society, both in terms of natural and human conditions. As the international climate change negotiations move forward,...droughts are often coupled with extreme temperatures and mitigate the impact of drought. This is the case in Southeast Asia as well. It is important to note that the intensity of droughts is exacerbated by human activities, such as deforestation and agricultural practices, which further reduce the region's capacity to cope with droughts. In summary, the importance of drought risk management in South and South-East Asia cannot be overstated. The region is highly vulnerable to the impacts of drought, and effective management strategies are crucial for ensuring the well-being of its people.
This book charts the development of Southeast Asia, examining the economies of Vietnam, Laos, Cambodia and Burma alongside the established ASEAN market economies. Drawing on case studies from across the region, the author assesses poverty, and ways in which the poor are identified and viewed. Process and change in the rural and urban contexts are examined in detail. Focusing on the strengthening rural-urban interaction inléarners make a living in the urban-industrial sector and factories relocate into agricultural areas. Giving prominence to indigenous notions of development, based on Buddhism, Islam and the so-called ‘Asian Way’, the author critically assesses the conceptual foundations of development, ideas of post-development, and the ‘miracle’ thesis. In the light of the experience of one of the most vibrant regions in the world, the book places emphasis on the process of modernization within wider debates of development and challenges the notion that development has been a recipe for many and a tragedy for some. Dragons and Tigers: A Geography of South, East, and Southeast Asia. Third Edition is the only book that covers all three regions south of Asia. It is the most comprehensive book on the market for a Geography of Asia course. It contains updated and additional maps covering distribution of religions, physical features, linguistic and religious pluralisms in Southeast Asia, and more. Using a cross-disciplinary approach, the author discusses evolving physical and cultural landscapes. New to this edition is added content coverage on the impact of globalization, environmental issues, recent environmental disasters and their effects on the region, the recent global economic crisis, migration and urbanization, gender and child welfare issues, religious conflict, apartheid, and sustainability and new patterns of trade. The contribution to this book emphasizes a mix of heritage and history as the primary catalyst for contemporary border rivalries and dynamics. It helps the reader to see that, borderland identity is falling into ever sharper definition if only because of pressure from extraregional states. Chapters are organized by country to solicit a broad range of thought and approach as much as for the specific areas or nation-states examined in each chapter. This book aims to provide new ways of looking at the reality and illusion of borderland Southeast Asia culled from James Caid, Suan M. McDonald, and Bruce A.ugging, with contributions from Zachary A. Asua, Michael P. Copey, Daniel Lee, Khada Margasen, Didi K. Nanto, Patricia O'Brien, David Rosenberg, Caryn A. Thayer, Michael Wood A. family reference work containing alphabetically arranged articles, with charts, maps, and photographs, covering physical and human geography. This open access book focuses on the Salween River, shared by China, Myanmar, and Thailand, that is increasingly at the heart of pressing regional development debates. The basin supports the livelihoods of over 10 million people, and within it there is great socio-economic, cultural, and political diversity. The basin is witnessing intensifying dynamics of resource extraction, alongside large dam construction, conservation and development intervention, that is unfolding within a complex terrain of local, national and transnational governance. With a focus on the contested politics of water and associated resources in the Salween basin, this book offers a collection of empirical case studies that highlights local knowledge and perspectives. Given the paucity of grounded social science studies in this contested basin, this book provides conceptual insights at the intersection of resource governance, development, and political and knowledge relevant to researchers, policy-makers and practitioners at a time when rapid change is underway. - Fills a significant knowledge gap as an important river in Southeast Asia, with empirical and conceptual contributions. Inter-disciplinary perspective and a range of voices, including academics, policy-makers and civil society researchers, the majority from within Southeast Asia. - New policy insights on a river at the crossroads of a major political and development transition. In Southern East Asia provides readers with a much-needed synthesis of the latest discoveries and research in the archaeology of the region, presenting the evolution of complex societies in Southeast Asia from the protohistoric period, beginning around 500BC, to the arrival of British and Dutch colonists in 1600. Well-illustrated throughout, this comprehensive account explores the factors which established Southeast Asia as an area of unique cultural fusion. In his, and all explore how the local population exploited the abundant resources available, developing maritime trade routes which resulted in the rise of empires, and the cultural and political diversity of the region. - Offers key opportunities for comparative research with other centres of early socio-economic complexity. A recent Southeast Asia establishes the area is important in the study of historical geography: World of geography; Earth's physical geography; Earth's human geography; Cultures of the world; Integrating with our environment; Europe and Russia; Europe and Russia, Physical geography; Europe and Russia, shaped by history; Cultures of Europe and Russia; Western Europe; Eastern Europe; Eastern Europe and Russia; Culture: Africa, physical geography; Africa, shaped by its history; Cultures of Africa; North Africa; West Africa; Exploring East Africa; Central and Southern Africa; East Africa, physical geography; South, Southeast, and Central Asia, physical geography; Southeast Asia and the Pacific region, physical geography; East Asia, cultures and history; Southeast and Central Asia, cultures and history; South East Asia, cultures and history; Southern Asia and Pacific regions, cultures and history. - East Asia, South, Southeast, and Central Asia, Southeast Asia and the Pacific region, - Closely. The environment is one of the defining issues of our times, and it is closely linked to questions and dilemmas surrounding economic development. Southeast Asia is one of the world's most economically and demographically dynamic regions, and it is also one in which a host of environmental issues raise serious issues. The Routledge Handbook of the Environment in Southeast Asia is a collection of 30 chapters dealing with the most significant scholarly debates in this rapidly growing field of study. Structured on four main parts, it gives a comprehensive regional overview of, and insights into, the environment in Southeast Asia. Wide-ranging and balanced, this handbook promotes scholarly understanding of how environmental issues are dealt with from diverse theoretical perspectives. It offers a detailed empirical understanding of the myriad environmental problems and challenges faced in Southeast Asia. This is the first publication of its kind in this field, a useful companion for a global audience and for scholars of Southeast Asian studies from a variety of disciplines. It offers dozens of rare color maps and other documents. Early Mapping of Southeast Asia follows the story of map-making, exploration and colonization in Asia from the 16th to 19th centuries. It documents the idea of Southeast Asia as a geographical and cosmological construct, from the earliest of times up until the dawn of the modern era. Using maps, itineraries, sailing instructions, traveler's tales, religious texts and other contemporary sources, it examines the representation of Southeast Asia, both from the historical perspective of Western exploration and cartography, and also through the eyes of Asian neighbors. Southeast Asia has always occupied a special place in the imaginations of East and West. This book recounts the fascinating story of how Southeast Asia was, quite literally, put on the map, both in cartographic terms and as a literary and imaginative concept.